

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product code : Hygienfresh Oxon Schiuma
Trades code : A31-500
Product line: Hygienfresh

UFI: C990-M0EG-U002-39HV

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Sectors of use:

Private households (= general public = consumers)[SU21], Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)[SU22]

Uses advised against

Do not use for purposes other than those listed

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Tintolav s.r.l. - Via M. D' Antona 7 - 10028 Trofarello (TO) Tel. 011/649.68.27 Fax 011/649.67.42

Email: info@tintolav.com - Sito internet: www.tintolav.com

Email tecnico competente: a.conedera@tintolav.com

National contact: Malta: Emergency Ambulance 112
Accident & Emergency Department 2545 4030

1.4. Emergency telephone number

The UK National Poisons Emergency number +44 (0)870 600 6266
London: Emergency 24 hour telephone +44 (0) 207188 0100

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:
GHS07

Hazard Class and Category Code(s):
Eye Irrit. 2

Hazard statement Code(s):
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

If brought into contact with eyes, the product, causes significant irritations which may last for more than 24 hours.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s):
GHS07 - Warning



Hazard statement Code(s):

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Supplemental Hazard statement Code(s):

not applicable

Precautionary statements:

General

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P264 - Wash your hand thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Contains (Reg.EC 648/2004):

5% < 15% oxygen-based bleaching agents, anionic surfactants, < 5% phosphonates, non-ionic surfactants

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 0,75 %

UFI: C990-M0EG-U002-39HV

2.3. Other hazards

The substance / mixture NOT contains substances PBT/vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII

No information on other hazards

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Irrilevant

3.2 Mixtures

Refer to paragraph 16 for full text of hazard statements

Note B - Some substances (acids, bases, etc.) are placed on the market in aqueous solutions at various concentrations and, therefore, these solutions require different classification and labelling since the hazards vary at different concentrations. In Part 3 entries with Note B have a general designation of the following type: 'nitric acid ... %'. In this case the supplier must state the percentage concentration of the solution on the label. Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed that the percentage concentration is calculated on a weight/weight basis.

Substance	Concentration[w/w]	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACH
hydrogen peroxide solution ...% Note: B	>= 5 < 8%	Ox. Liq. 1, H271; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H332 Limits: Ox. Liq. 1,	008-003-00-9	7722-84-1	231-765-0	01-2119485 845-22

Substance	Concentration[w/w]	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACH
		H271 %C >=70; Ox. Liq. 2, H272 50<= %C <70; Skin Corr. 1A, H314 %C >=70; Skin Corr. 1B, H314 50<= %C <70; Skin Irrit. 2, H315 35<= %C <50; Eye Dam. 1, H318 8<= %C <50; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 5<= %C <8; STOT SE 3, H335 %C >=35; Acute Tox. 4, H332 %C >=50; Acute Tox. 4, H302 %C >=8;				
Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate	>= 5 < 10%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Limits: Eye Dam. 1, H318 %C >=10; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 5<= %C <10;	ND	68891-38-3	500-234-8	01-2119488 639-16
Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	>= 1 < 5%	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ND	25155-30-0	246-680-4	NR
Fatty alcohol ethoxylate	>= 1 < 5%	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Dam. 1, H318 Limits: Eye Irrit. 2, H319 %C <=10; Eye Dam. 1, H318 %C >10;	ND	64425-86-1	ND	02-2119548 515-35-000 0

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Air the area. Move immediately the contaminated patient from the area and keep him at rest in a well ventilated area. If you feel unwell seek medical advice.

Direct contact with skin (of the pure product):

Take contaminated clothing Immediately off.

Wash immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap, the areas of the body that have, or are only suspected to have, come in contact with the product.

In case of contact with skin, wash immediately with water and soap.

Direct contact with eyes (of the pure product):

Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water, keeping eyelids open for at least 10 minutes, then protect your eyes with a dry sterile gauze. Seek medical advice immediately

Do not use eye drops or ointments of any kind before the examination or advice from an oculist.

Ingestion:

Not hazardous. It's possible to give activated charcoal in water or liquid paraffin medicine

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Advised extinguishing agents:

Water spray, CO₂, foam, dry chemical, depending on the materials involved in the fire.

Extinguishing means to avoid:

Water jets. Use water jets only to cool the surfaces of the containers exposed to fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use protection for the breathing apparatus

Safety helmet and full protective suit.

The spray water can be used to protect the people involved in the extinction

You may also use selfrespirator, especially when working in confined and poorly ventilated area and if you use halogenated extinguishers (Halon 1211 fluobrene, Solkan 123, NAF, etc...)

Keep containers cool with water spray

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:

Leave the area surrounding the spill or release. Do not smoke

Wear mask, gloves and protective clothing.

6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Wear a mask, gloves and protective clothing. Suitable: LaTeX, nitrile, PVC

Delete all naked flames and potential sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Evacuate danger area and, where appropriate, consult an expert.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain spill with earth or sand.

If the product has entered a watercourse in sewers or has contaminated soil or vegetation, notify it to the authorities.

Discharge the remains in compliance with the regulations

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1 For containment:

Rapidly recover the product, wear a mask and protective clothing

Recover the product for reuse, if possible, or for removal. Possibly absorb it with inert material.

Prevent it from entering the sewer system.

6.3.2 For cleaning up:
After wiping up, wash with water the area and materials involved

6.3.3 Other information:
None in particular.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to paragraphs 8 and 13 for more information

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact and inhalation of vapors
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
At work do not eat or drink.
See also paragraph 8 below.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in original container closed tightly. Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.
Keep containers upright and safe by avoiding the possibility of falls or collisions.
Store in a cool place, away from sources of heat and direct exposure of sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Private households (= general public = consumers):
Handle with care.
Store in ventilated place away from heat sources,
Keep the container tightly closed.

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):
Handle with care. Store in a ventilated area and away from heat, keep the container tightly closed.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Related to contained substances:
hydrogen peroxide solution ...%:
TLV: 1 ppm as TWA A3 (approved for the animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans); (ACGIH 2004).
MAK: 7.1 0.5 ppm mg/m
Peak limitation category: the (1) cancerogenicity class: 4; Risk group for pregnancy: C; (DFG 2005).

- Substance: hydrogen peroxide solution ...%
DNEL
Systemic effects Short term Workers inhalation = 3 (mg/m³)
Local effects Long term Workers inhalation = 1,4 (mg/m³)
Local effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 0,21 (mg/m³)
Local effects Short term Workers inhalation = 3 (mg/m³)
Local effects Short term Consumers inhalation = 1,93 (mg/m³)
PNEC
Sweet water = 0,01 (mg/l)
sediment Sweet water = 0,01 (mg/kg/sediment)
Sea water = 0,01 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 0,04 (mg/kg/sediment)
intermittent emissions = 0,0138 (mg/l)
STP = 4,66 (mg/l)
ground = 0,0023 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 175 (mg/m³)
Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 2750 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 52 (mg/m³)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 1650 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 15 (mg/kg bw/day)

PNEC

Sweet water = 0,24 (mg/l)
sediment Sweet water = 5,45 (mg/kg/sediment)
Sea water = 0,02 (mg/l)
sediment Sea water = 0,54 (mg/kg/sediment)
intermittent emissions = 0,07 (mg/l)
STP = 10000 (mg/l)
ground = 0,946 (mg/kg ground)

8.2. Exposure controls



Appropriate engineering controls:
Private households (= general public = consumers):
No specific checks planned

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):
No specific monitoring foreseen

Individual protection measures:

(a) Eye / face protection

When handling the pure product use safety glasses (spectacles cage) (EN 166).

(b) Skin protection

(i) Hand protection

Manipulate with gloves. The gloves should be checked before being used. Use a technique suitable for the removal of gloves (without touching the outside of the glove) to avoid skin contact with this product dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with the legislation and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry your hands. Selected protective gloves shall comply with the requirements of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and EN 374 standards arising therefrom.

Full contact

Material: nitrile rubber
minimum thickness: 0.11 mm
permeation time: 480 min

(ii) Other

When handling the pure product wear full protective skin clothing.

(c) Respiratory protection

Not needed for normal use.

(d) Thermal hazards

No hazard to report

Environmental exposure controls:

Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties	Value	Determination method
Appearance	Liquid	
Colour	colorless	
Odour	characteristic	
Odour threshold	not determined	
pH	3-4	
Melting point/freezing point	not determined	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined	
Flash point	> 60 °C	ASTM D92
Evaporation rate	irrelevant	
Flammability (solid, gas)	nonflammable	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined	
Vapour pressure	not determined	
Vapour density	not determined	
Relative density	1.025 - 1.04 gr/cm ³	
Solubility	Completely soluble in water	
Water solubility	Completely soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not determined	
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined	
Decomposition temperature	not determined	
Viscosity	not determined	
Explosive properties	not explosive	
Oxidising properties	oxidizing	

9.2. Other information

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 0,75 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Related to contained substances:

hydrogen peroxide solution ...%:

Can generate dangerous reactions

10.2. Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

There are no hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Related to contained substances:
hydrogen peroxide solution ...%:
Avoid heating of the product, it could explode!

10.5. Incompatible materials

It can generate inflammable gases to contact nitrides.
It can generate gases toxic to contact with aliphatic and aromatic amines, carbamate ditiocarbamate, thiol and others organic sulfide, nitrile, inorganic sulfide, inflammable and combustible material.
It can ignite in contact with alcohol and glycol, azotic compound, diazotic compound and idrazine, carbamate, ditiocarbamate, thiol and others organic sulfide, nitrides, combustible and inflammable materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

ATE(mix) oral = 10.186,0 mg/kg
ATE(mix) dermal = 46.511,6 mg/kg
ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

(a) acute toxicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(b) skin corrosion/irritation Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate: Acute effects: contact with eyes will cause irritation; symptoms may include: redness, edema, pain and tears.

Through contact with the skin has irritation with erythema, edema, dryness and cracking.

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: Skin irritation-not irritating (2.5%), moderate irritation (5%), moderate-severe irritation (47-50%).

(c) serious eye damage/irritation: If brought into contact with eyes, the product, causes significant irritations which may last for more than 24 hours.

hydrogen peroxide solution ...%: Risk of serious eye injury.

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: Eye irritation-mild irritation (1%); moderate irritation (5%), and severe irritation (47-50%)

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(e) germ cell mutagenicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(f) carcinogenicity: Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: IARC: no component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% identified as known or anticipated carcinogen by IARC.

(g) reproductive toxicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(i) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(j) aspiration hazard: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Related to contained substances:

hydrogen peroxide solution ...%:

ROUTES of EXPOSURE: the substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its fumes and ingestion.

INHALATION RISK: A harmful contamination of the air can be reached very quickly due to evaporation of the substance at 20 C.

Effects of short-term exposure: the substance is corrosive to the eyes and skin. The vapor is irritating to the respiratory tract the ingestion of this substance can produce blood oxygen bubbles (embolism), causing shock effects of

REPEATED EXPOSURE or long term: the lungs can be damaged by the inhalation of high concentrations. The substance may have an effect on the hair, causing discoloration.

ACUTE HAZARDS/symptoms INHALATION sore throat. Cough. Vertigo. Headaches. Nausea. Shortness of breath.

SKIN Corrosive. White spots. Redness. Skin burns. Pain.

Corrosive EYES. Redness. Pain. Blurred vision. Severe deep burns.

INGESTION sore throat. Abdominal pain. Abdominal bloating. Nausea. Vomiting.

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 1026

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 4060

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 170

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:

LD50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Via Inhalation Administration:

Test species: rat

Value: 4100 mg/kg

Specification: LD50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Via Dermal intake:

Test species: rat

Value: > 2000 mg/kg

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 4100

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 438

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 3100

11.2. Information on other hazards

No data available.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Related to contained substances:

hydrogen peroxide solution ...%:

The substance is toxic to aquatic organisms.

Harmful to fish: LC50 = 16.4 -37.4 mg/l/83d

Toxic to Daphnia: CE (s) 50 2.4 mg/l 48 specification: NOEC Parametro: Fish

Pimephales promelas

Value = 5 mg/l

For. test: 96 h
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 16,4

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:

LC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Fish

Danio Rerio

Value = 7.1 mg/l

For. test: 96 h

Specification: EC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Daphnia

Daphnia magna

Value = 7.2 mg/l

For. test: 48 h

Specification: EC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Algae

Scenedesmus subspicatus

Value = 27 mg/l

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 7,1

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1,67

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate:

Ittiotossicit:

LC50 (96 h) 1-10 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio

Aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (48 h) 1-10 mg/l Daphnia magna

Aquatic plants:

EC50 (72 h) 1-10 mg/l Scenedesmus subspicatus

Microorganisms/effects on activated sludge:

CE10 > 1,000 mg/l, activated sludge (DEV-L2)

Chronic toxic to aquatic invertebrates:

NOEC (21 d), 0.33 mg/l Daphnia magna

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1

Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Related to contained substances:

hydrogen peroxide solution ...%:

Hydrogen peroxide breaks down quickly in water or hydrogen and oxygen.

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:

Easily biodegradable

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate:

Disposal considerations:

> = 90% the bismuth active substance (OECD guideline 303A)

60% > CO₂ formation of theoretical value (28 d) (OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EEC, c. 4-C)

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Related to contained substances:
hydrogen peroxide solution ...%:
Decomposes. Not bioaccumulative

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:
Bioaccumulation-28 leptomismacrochirus d -64 g/l
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 220

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT/vPvB ingredient is present

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No adverse effects

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of them in accordance with the regulations in force. Any remaining product should be disposed of according to applicable regulations by addressing to authorized companies.
Recover if possible. Operate according to local or national regulations

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not included in the scope of application regulations concerning the transport of dangerous goods: by road (ADR); by rail (RID); by air (ICAO / IATA); by sea (IMDG).

14.2. UN proper shipping name

None

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

None

14.4. Packing group

None

14.5. Environmental hazards

None

14.6. Special precautions for user

No data available.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

It is not intended to carry bulk

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

No data available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has made an assessment of chemical safety

SECTION 16. Other information

16.1. Other information

Points modified compared to previous release: 1.1. Product identifier, 2.2. Label elements, 2.3. Other hazards, 3.2 Mixtures, 4.1. Description of first aid measures, 8.1. Control parameters, 8.2. Exposure controls, 10.4. Conditions to avoid, 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment, 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Description of the hazard statements exposed to point 3

- H271 = May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
- H302 = Harmful if swallowed.
- H314 = Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H332 = Harmful if inhaled.
- H315 = Causes skin irritation.
- H318 = Causes serious eye damage.
- H412 = Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H312 = Harmful in contact with skin.
- H319 = Causes serious eye irritation.

Classification based on data of all mixture components

Main normative references:

- Directive 1999/45/EC
- Directive 2001/60/EC
- Regulation 1272/2008/EC
- Regulation 2010/453/EC

** The information contained herein is based on our knowledge at the date above.

Related solely to the product and do not constitute a guarantee of a particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that these are appropriate and complete information regarding the specific use intended.

This data sheet cancels and replaces any previous edition.